POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS

Course name		
Thermodynamics		
Course		
Field of study		Year/Semester
Safety Engineering		I/2
Area of study (specialization)		Profile of study
		general academic
Level of study		Course offered in
First-cycle studies		English
Form of study		Requirements
part-time		compulsory
Number of hours		
ecture	Laboratory classes	Other (e.g. online)
3	0	0
Tutorials	Projects/seminars	
8	0	
Number of credit points		
3		

Responsible for the course/lecturer: Prof. dr hab. Tomasz Martyński Responsible for the course/lecturer:

Prerequisites

Basic knowledge in the field of experimental physics and analytical mathematics. Skill in solving basic physical problems. Skill in searching required information from different sources, including the Internet.

Course objective

Introduction to the theoretical and practical description of the heat and work in thermodynamic process in macro- and microsystems (fenomenological and statistical thermodynamics). Heat transport: conduction, convection and radiation. Calorimetry. Ideal and real gases. Principles of thermodynamics. Construction, efficiency and application of heat engines and heat pomps.

Course-related learning outcomes

Knowledge

1. The student will learn about the thermal equilibrium, how to measure thermodynamic parameters such as temerature, pressure;principles of thermometers constructions, operation and properties;

2. The student can explain the meaning of heat and work, how the heat is transferred by conduction, convection and radiation; differences between ideal and real gases. How the interaction



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between gas molecules determine the properties of the gas, liquid and solid substance. How to analyze adiabatic thermodynamic processes in gases.

3. Can explain differences between reversible and irreversible processes. Efficiency of the heat engine and heat pomp. How the second law of thermodynamics sets limits on the efficiency of the engine and refrigerators. What entropy mean in thermodynamics.

4. The student knows the rules of statistical view on entropy - an introduction to statistical thermodynamics: Brownian motion, statistical definitions of temperature and pressure.

Skills

1. The student knows how to calculate the heat exchange between objects by heat transfer and radiation.

2. Knows how to calculate the work done in different thermodynamic processes .

3. The student is able to calculate a gaseous state after a few cycles of thermodynamic processes.

Social competences

Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows:

Discussion about particular problems during lectures. Final writing test and defence of the described thermodynamic problems. 51% of maximum points are require to pass the final exam. The semester grade is average note of all subjects.

Writing form describing two or three problems is required to pass semester. 51% of the maximum points are required.

Programme content

The student will learn about the meaning of thermal equilibrium, how to measure thermodynamical parameters such as temerature, pressure, principies of thermometers operation and properties; the meaning of heat and work, how the heat is transferred by conduction, convection and radiation. Differences between ideal and real gases. How to calculate the work done by different thermodynamic systems. Differences between reversible and irreversible processes. Efficiency of the heat engine. Relation between heat engines and refrigerators. How the second law of thermodynamics sets limits on the efficiency of the engine and refrigerators. Entropy - thermodynamic potential. Statistical view on entropy. Introduction to statistical thermodynamics: Brownian motion, statistical definitions of temperature and pressure.

Teaching methods

Classical lecture with blackboard to discuss thermodynamic problems together with help of multimedia presentations. A few simple real and virtual experiments demonstrated during the lecture.

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Basic

1. D. Holiday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, "Fundamentals of Physics", vol. 2, Wiley, NYC 2001.

2. OPENSTAX: https://openstax.org/details/books.

Additional

1. J. M. Seddon, J. D. Gale, "Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics" Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge, 2001.

2. M. W. Zemansky, R. H. Dittman, "HEAT AND THERMODYNAMICS - An Intermediate Textbook", McGraw-Hill, NYC, 1997.

Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	75	3,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	16	
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for tutorials,	59	
preparation for tests/exam) ¹		

¹ delete or add other activities as appropriate